DE-RISKING RENEWABLE ENERGY PROJECTS & UNLOCKING PRIVATE CAPITAL















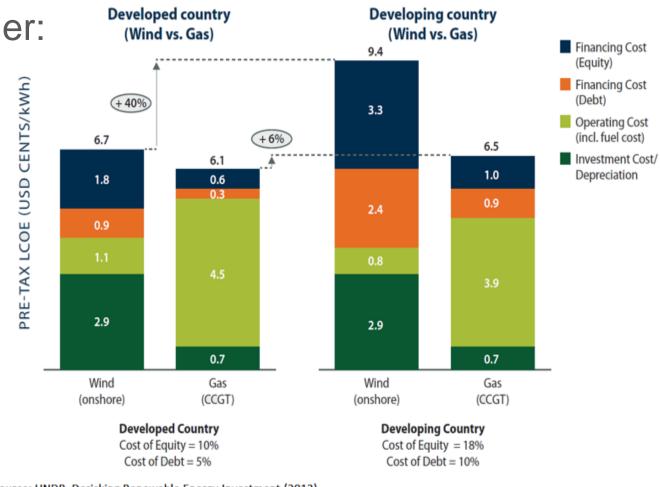
PROBLEM STATEMENT & OBJECTIVES (I)



Renewables are surrounded by a broad risk universe; these risks (real

or perceived) can lead to either:

- (i) a binary decision ("not to invest / not provide lending") or
- (ii) higher cost of capital("demanding a premium to invest") → a negativeinvestment decision / higherLCOE.



Source: UNDP, Derisking Renewable Energy Investment (2013)

PROBLEM STATEMENT & OBJECTIVES (II)



Institutional Level

Legal & Regulatory Framework

Contractual Level

Allocation of structural risks

Transactional Level (residual risks)

Insurance / guarantee products

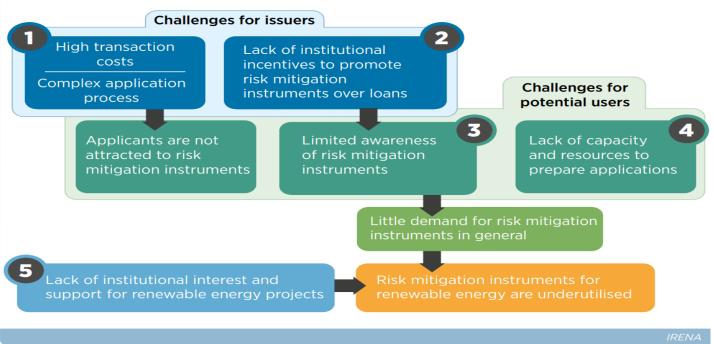
PROBLEM STATEMENT & OBJECTIVES (II)





There is a plethora of risk mitigation instruments available for renewable energy, however, their utilization remains limited due to both supply / demand side barriers:

- Long processing times, high transaction costs (supplyside)
- Limited awareness (demand-side)
- Limited capacity (demand-side)

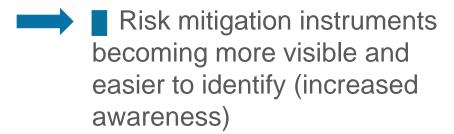


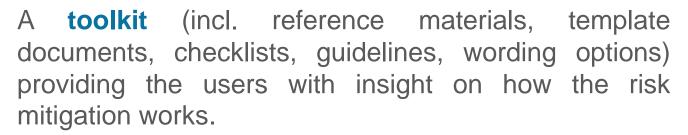
RISK ASSESSMENT & MITIGATION PLATFORM



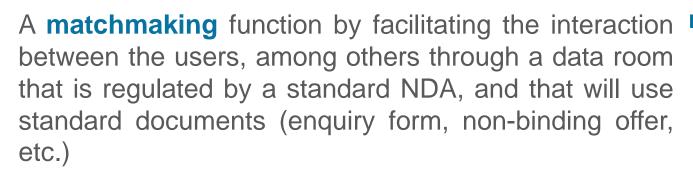


A comprehensive **database** presenting information on risk mitigation instruments and their providers for a given project location & size and technology.





Risk mitigation instruments becoming easier understand and access



Transactions becoming more streamlined and less costly

RAMP - POTENTIAL NEXT PHASES



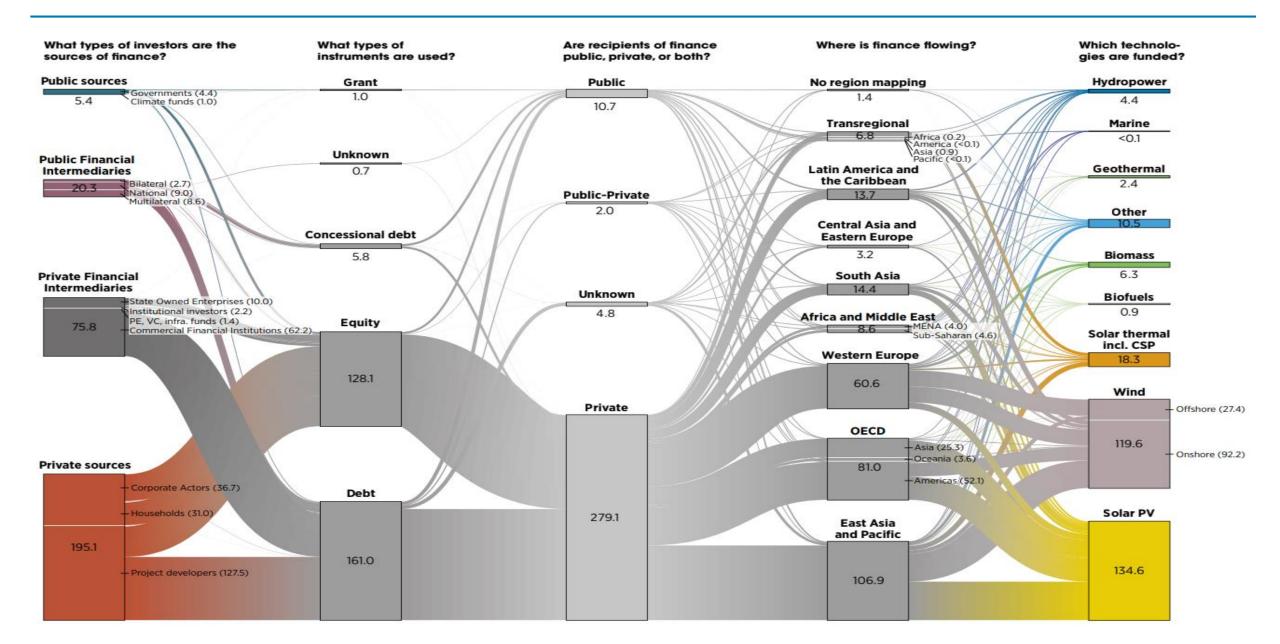


- Standardization of the documentation that projects have to prepare in order to get a binding bid for risk mitigation
- Standardization of the wording that is used by providers of risk mitigation

- Standardization of the terms and conditions offered by providers of risk mitigation, so that offers can easily be compared
- Models for cooperation between providers of risk mitigation (claims cooperation agreement, consistency in the definitions of the covered risks, shared due diligence etc.)
 - Reduced cost of capital & accelerated renewables deployment

GLOBAL FINANCIAL LANDSCAPE





GLOBAL FINANCIAL LANDSCAPE – TAKE AWAYS



- Public financing will remain limited and thence need to be used in a targeted manner to crowd-in private capital.
- Risk mitigation instruments (e.g. guarantees, currency hedging instruments and liquidity reserve facilities) can be used more extensively by public finance institutions to effectively mobilise private investment.
- Blended finance can play a key role in removing market barriers and getting new markets to maturity; with the ultimate objective of creating commercially-sustainable lending markets for sustainable energy.



Thank you













